Construction of rain water drain in Delhi cantonment

734. SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI: Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the existing rain water drain in Delhi cantonment (Saskal line) along Riwari Railway line, Palam, has been left half way without extending it upto the main airport drain, causing serious water clogging endangering the lives and property of the residents of Rajnagar Extension area; and

(b) if 'so, what remedial action is proposed to toetaken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE PRODUCTION AND SUPPLIES IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI CHINTAMANI PANIGRAHI): (a) and (b) A drain was constructed in 1981-82 to drain out rain water from Air Force land. The discharge from this drain as well as that from other adjoining lands flows through a Railway culvert to adjacent areas. Remedial measures would require to be considered by the Municipal authorities.

Health for AH

735. SHRI B. SATYANARAYAN REDDY: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) what steps have been taken and the achievements made in the goal of "Health for all"; and

(b) what are the targets fixed and those actually achieved so far in the areas of health care and health centres in different parts of the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) Primary Health Care approach has been accepted as the key to reach the goal of health for all which is a wide concept extending to health related sectors like adequate provision for clean drinking water, sanitation and waste disposal improvement in $level_s$ of nutrion and education and control of communicable diseases and also include provision for basic medical services. Under the Minimum Needs Programme as outlined in the Seventh Plan document, the country has planned to set up an infrastructure in the rural areas which will include the facilities of a sub-centrei for every 5000 population in normal areas and 3000 population in tribal, hilly and backward areas, a Primary Health Centre for every 30,000 population in normal areas and 20,000 population in tribal hilly and backward areas and a Community Centre with indoor beds and specialist facilities to serve the population residing in the jurisdiction of four Primary Health Centres. The goal of setting up these institutions is to be achieved largely through the State Sector Plans and adequate provision is being made from year to year to achieve the goals set for this purpose. Cen.

tral Government is also helping the State Governments with 100 per cent assistance for training for male and female health workers and female supervisors. The salary of female worker and recurrent expenditure for sub-centres established after 1st April 1981 is also met fully by the Central Government, while the expenditure on other institutions is met from the State Sector.

(b) The achievement made so far in the field of strengthening of the Primary Health Care infrastructure is given in I statement I, II and m. *{See* below).

Statement-I

Progress of Establishment : Sub Centres

State	1990		
	REQ 1990	ACH : Dec. 88	%ACH
Andhra Pradesh	10129	7894	77·93
Arunachal Pradesh	145	140	96·55
Assam	5132	3642	70·97
Bihar	14799	10449	70·61
Goa Daman & Diu	159	155	97·48
Gujarat	6656	6366	95·64
Haryana	2358	2186	92·71
Himachal Pradesh	1512	1128	74·60
Jammu & Kashmir	1976	1415	71·61
Karnataka	7050	5714	81·05
Kerala	5103	3874	75·92
Madhya Pradesh	12000	8915	74·29
Maharashtra	10810	9238	85·46
Manipur	364	401	110·16
Meghalaya	447	303	67·79
Mizoram	220	199	90·45
Nagaland	234	201	85·90
Orissa	5927	5291	89·27
Punjab	2853	2753	96·49
Rajasthan	8000	4792	59·90
Sikkim	132	126	95·45
Tamil Nadu	8860	8200	92·55
Tripura	530	365	68·87
Uttar Pradesh	23119	20153	87·17
West Bengal	10700	7873	73·58
Pondicherry	73	73	100·00
A & N Islands	73	63	86·30
Chandigarh	12	12	100·00
D&N Haveli	34	27	79·41
Delhi	42	42	100·00
Lakshdweep	24	14	58·33
TOTAL	139473	112004	80·13

Statement-II

Progress of Establishment CHCs

State	Req : 1990	Ach : Dec 88	%Ach
Andhra Pradesh	1705	1283	75·25
Arunachal Pradesh	25	21	84·00
Assam	437	437	100·00
Bihar	2296	1555	67·73
Goa, Daman Diu	22	19	86·36
Gujarat	1000	668	66.80
Haryana	375	304	81·07
Himachal Pradesh	1200	160	80·00
Jammu & Kashmir	323	259	80·19
Karnataka	1170	629	53·76
Kerala	1032	595	57·66
Madhya Pradesh	1411	1034	73·28
Maharashtra	1800	1539	85·50
Manipur	64	51	79·69
Meghalaya	54	56	103·70
Mizoram	37	32	86·49
Nagaland	33	27	81·82
Orissa	984	789	80·18
Punjab	2036	1856	91·16
Rajasthan	1150	598	52·00
Sikkim	20	20	100·00
Tamil Nadu	1493	938	56·13
Tripura	47	49	104·26
Uttar Pradesh	3669	2476	67·48
West Bengal	1660	1411	85·00
Pondicherry	20	18	90·00
A&N Islands	11	13	118·18
Chandigarh	3	N/A	N/A
D&N Haveli	3	4	133·33
Delhi	8	8	100·00
Lakshdweep	7	7	100·00
TOTAL	23095	16756	72·55

Statement-III

Progress of Establishment : CHCs

State	Req : By 90	Ach Dec 88	%Ach
Andhra Pradesh	127	46	36·22
Arunachal Pradesh	7	5	71·43
Assam	42	40	95·24
Bihar	147	77	52·38
Goa, Daman and Diu	5	4	80·00
Gujarat	122	99	81·15
Haryana	52	32	61·34
Himachal Pradesh	35	32	91·43
Jammu & Kashmir	34	26	76·47
Karnataka	184	105	57·07
Kerala	104	29	27·88
Madhya Pradesh	158	115	72·78
Maharashtra	225	277	123·11
Manipur	16	8	50·00
Meghalaya	11	3	27·27
Mizoram	5	4	80·00
Nagaland	7	3	42·86
Orissa	151	83	54·97
Punjab	66	44	66·67
Rajasthan	101	86	85·15
Sikkim	4	0	·00
Tamil Nadu	150	72	48·00
Tripura	10	8	80·00
Uttar Pradesh	333	142	42·64
West Bengal	207	81	39·13
Pondicherry	2	1	50·00
A&N Islands	3	1	33·13
Chandigarh	1	1	100·00
D&N Haveli	2	0	·00
Delhi	0	0	N/A
Lakshdweep	1	1	100·00
TOTAL	2312	1425	61·63